

Product Environmental Aspects Declaration



EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)

No. AD-15-E621

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LANIER Pro C7100S

1. **Printing Process** : Electrophotographic (EP) Printing
2. **Color** : Monochrome and Full-color
3. **Print Speed** : 80 prints/minute (LTR)
4. **Maximum Paper Size** : 13" x 49" (bypass tray or LCIT)
5. **Included Units in Assessment** : Automatic Reversing Document Feeder, Automatic Duplexing Unit

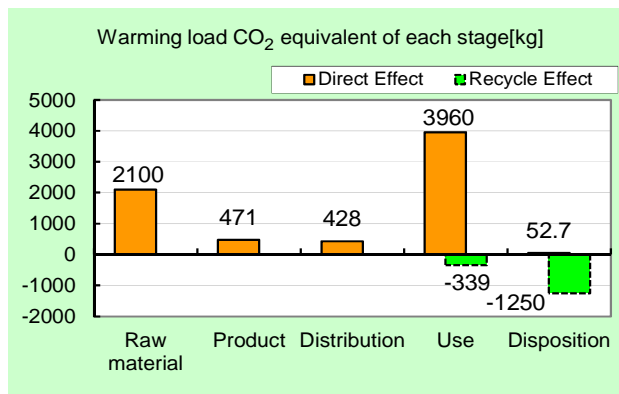


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The warming load of the Use stage is based on the supposition that the product prints 3,840,000 images for five years.

Consumption and discharge in a life cycle	All the stage sum totals
Global Warming (CO ₂ equivalent)	7.01t (5.41t)
Acidification (SO ₂ equivalent)	11.5kg (9.33kg)
Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	136GJ (109GJ)

※Figures in () indicated environmental impact including recycle effect
*note3



Notes:

1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under JEMAI homepage at <http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/> for details.
3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.
5. This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

[Supplemental environmental information]

- Certified regulations: International Energy Star Program, EU RoHS.
- This product and its main components such as photoreceptor, toner, carrier are produced in our factories certified to ISO14001 management system standard.

PCR review was conducted by: PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01, 2008, Name of representative: Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School
 Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 internal external
 Third party verifier: Shozo Nakamuta *

Programme operator: Japan Environmental Management Association for Industry, ecoleaf@jemai.or.jp

* In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)



Document control no.	F-02B-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-15-E621

Unit Function DB version	v2.1
Characterization Factor DB version	v2.1

PCR name	EP and IJ printer		Product type	LANIER Pro C7100S			
PCR ID	AD-04	Product weight (kg)	582	Package (kg)	44	Weight total (kg)	626

In/Out items	Life Cycle Stage	Unit	Production		Distribution	Use	Disposition	Recycle effect		
			Raw material	Product						
Energy Consumption		MJ	3.17E+04	8.80E+03	5.92E+03	8.94E+04	5.19E+01	-2.72E+04		
		Mcal	7.56E+03	2.10E+03	1.41E+03	2.14E+04	1.24E+01	-6.50E+03		
Inventory analyses	Resource Consumption from the environment	Energy	Coal	kg	4.98E+02	5.90E+01	4.69E+00	3.05E+02	3.12E-01	-4.31E+02
			Crude oil (for fuel)	kg	2.02E+02	6.68E+01	1.21E+02	7.83E+02	5.56E-01	-1.02E+02
			LNG	kg	4.88E+01	3.26E+01	4.06E+00	2.82E+02	1.61E-01	-1.81E+01
			Uranium content of an ore	kg	3.15E-03	3.99E-03	3.08E-04	1.77E-02	2.11E-05	3.43E-04
			Crude oil (for material)	kg	6.79E+01	0	0	3.07E+02	0	-1.84E+02
		Material	Iron content of an ore	kg	4.56E+02	0	0	4.50E+01	0	-4.70E+02
			Cu content of an ore	kg	5.56E+00	0	0	2.97E-02	0	-6.58E+00
			Al content of an ore	kg	2.32E+01	0	0	2.20E+00	0	-2.37E+01
			Ni content of an ore	kg	2.22E+00	0	0	2.04E-01	0	-9.58E-03
			Cr content of an ore	kg	3.16E+00	0	0	2.92E-01	0	-1.75E-01
	Mn content of an ore		kg	2.78E+00	0	0	2.72E-01	0	-4.08E-01	
	Pb content of an ore		kg	5.75E-01	0	0	5.41E-03	0	-5.35E-01	
	Sn content of an ore		kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Zn content of an ore		kg	5.27E+00	0	0	7.29E-02	0	-5.26E+00	
	Au content of an ore		kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Ag content of an ore	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	Renewable resources	Silica Sand	kg	2.15E+01	0	0	1.90E+00	0	-1.01E+01	
		Halite	kg	4.53E+01	0	0	6.20E+00	6.29E-03	-3.89E+00	
		Limestone	kg	9.27E+01	0	0	1.10E+01	5.14E-01	-8.11E+01	
		Natural soda ash	kg	5.43E-01	0	0	1.57E-01	0	-6.00E-01	
Wood		kg	8.62E+01	0	0	2.31E+02	0	0.00E+00		
Water		kg	1.07E+05	4.61E+04	3.44E+03	3.52E+05	2.68E+02	-4.42E+04		
Emission/Discharge to the environment		to Atmosphere	CO ₂	kg	2.06E+03	4.67E+02	4.12E+02	3.79E+03	5.27E+01	-1.55E+03
			SO _x	kg	1.88E+00	3.49E-01	2.64E-01	2.26E+00	2.75E-02	-1.28E+00
			NO _x	kg	2.21E+00	2.90E-01	1.94E+00	5.04E+00	5.83E-02	-1.22E+00
			N ₂ O	kg	1.43E-01	1.55E-02	6.17E-02	5.96E-01	6.93E-05	-1.42E-01
	CH ₄		kg	7.94E-03	1.07E-02	8.23E-04	4.74E-02	5.65E-05	1.36E-03	
	CO		kg	4.59E-01	6.92E-02	5.32E-01	7.53E-01	1.03E-02	-5.93E-02	
	NMVOOC		kg	1.56E-02	2.09E-02	1.61E-03	9.28E-02	1.11E-04	2.65E-03	
	C _x H _y	kg	7.06E-02	2.76E-03	5.59E-02	1.81E-01	1.78E-04	-5.85E-02		
	Dust	kg	3.12E-01	1.50E-02	1.82E-01	4.06E-01	3.25E-03	-2.54E-01		
	to Water system	BOD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-	
COD		kg	-	-	-	-	-	-		
N total		kg	-	-	-	-	-	-		
P total		kg	-	-	-	-	-	-		
to Soil system	SS	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Unspecified Solid Waste	kg	1.34E+01	0	0	7.07E+01	5.56E+01	-6.45E+00		
	Slag	kg	1.61E+02	0	0	1.39E+01	0	-1.48E+02		
	Sludge	kg	4.97E+01	0	0	4.71E+00	0	-5.09E+01		
Low level radio-active waste	kg	2.21E-03	2.79E-03	2.15E-04	1.24E-02	1.47E-05	2.40E-04			
Impact assessment	by Resource Consumption from the environment	Exhaustible resources	Energy resources (crude oil equivalent)	kg	6.06E+02	1.76E+02	1.31E+02	1.46E+03	1.12E+00	-3.97E+02
			Mineral resources (Iron ore equivalent)	kg	4.25E+03	0	0	4.05E+02	0	-2.63E+03
	by Emission/Discharge to the environment	to Atmosphere	Global Warming (CO ₂ equivalent)	kg	2.10E+03	4.71E+02	4.28E+02	3.96E+03	5.27E+01	-1.59E+03
			Acidification (SO ₂ equivalent)	kg	3.43E+00	5.53E-01	1.62E+00	5.79E+00	6.83E-02	-2.13E+00

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

I. Stage related

A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.

- (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.
- (2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.

B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.

C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables/maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).

D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).

E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse.

Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts.

Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

II. Inventory analyses

A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.

B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.

C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

III. Impact analyses

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO₂ in case of "Global Warming").

A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.

B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

IV. Data entry format

A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.

B. Indicate "0" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.

C. Indicate "--" if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".

(BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

[Notes for readers: Target product specific]

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.

Product data sheet

(Input data and parameters for LCA)



Document control no.	F-03-03
Product vendor	RICOH COMPANY, LTD.
EcoLEaf registration no.	AD-15-E621

PCR name	EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID : AD-04)	Product type	LANIER Pro C7100S				
LCA/LCIA in units of:	1 product	Product weight (kg)	582	Package (kg)	44	Weight total (kg)	626

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

Product	Breakdown of primary materials				Math breakdown of parts, which need to apply Processing / Assembly Base Units (Parts B, C)			
	Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
	Stainless steel	1.40E+01	Thermosetting resin	4.65E+00	Press molding: Iron (kg)	4.47E+02	Parts assembly (kg)	5.70E+02
Paper	4.00E+01	Electronic circuit board	5.70E+00	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	3.95E+01			
Aluminum	2.19E+01	Clean water	7.41E+00	Injection molding (kg)	7.09E+01			
Ordinary steel	4.34E+02			Glass molding (kg)	8.50E+00			
Glass	5.43E+00							
Thermoplastic resin	7.24E+01							
Rubber	3.07E+00							
Other metals	1.76E+01							
Subtotal	6.08E+02	Subtotal	1.78E+01					
Total			6.26E+02	Subtotal	5.66E+02	Subtotal	5.70E+02	

Note

2. Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.

SOx and NOx should be indicated in SO₂, NO₂ equivalent.

Consumption	Classification	Energy	Material	Energy	Material	Energy		
	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Clean water (kg)	Furnace LNG (kg)	Industrial water (kg)	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³)		
	Quantity	2.75E+02	2.79E+02	1.25E+00	1.13E+03	2.30E+00		
	Note							
Emission/Discharge	Classification	Water system						
	Distribution	Sewage processing (kg)						
	Quantity	1.41E+03						
	Note							

Note

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

Distribution	Means of transportation	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
	Quantity	6.26E+02	1.52E+02	5.01E+01	1.90E+05	6.26E+02	9.02E+03	1.00E+02	5.64E+06
	Note								
	Means of transportation	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)
	Conditions	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)	Mass(kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)
Quantity	6.26E+02	4.99E+03	1.00E+02	3.12E+06	6.26E+02	6.00E+02	3.43E+01	1.10E+06	
Note									

Note

4. Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.

4.1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

Product	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Stainless steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Glass (kg)	Styrene-butadiene rubber (SBR) (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Zinc (kg)	Corrugated cardboard (kg)	Paper (Western style) (kg)
	Quantity	1.29E+00	2.08E+00	1.87E+00	1.93E+00	9.85E-02	4.09E-02	1.09E+02	3.15E-03
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	ABS (kg)	Polycarbonate (kg)	Polycarbonate-ABS (70/30) (kg)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Low density polyethylene (kg)	PET (kg)	POM (polyacetal) (kg)	Polypropylene (kg)
	Quantity	3.39E+00	8.91E-01	3.39E+00	5.35E+01	2.06E+01	2.83E+02	5.62E+00	2.49E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
	Distribution	Polystyrene (kg)	Epoxy resin (EP) (kg)	Expandable hard polyurethane (Hard) (kg)	Expandable soft polyurethane (for automobile) (kg)	Electroplated steel Plate (kg)	Hot Dipped steel plate (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Press molding: Iron (kg)
Quantity	3.34E+01	2.27E-02	1.45E-01	3.77E-01	1.59E+00	6.16E-01	4.08E+01	3.75E+01	
Note									

Product	Classification	Condition	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Energy	Condition	Energy
	Distribution	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Press molding: Nonferrous metal (kg)	Injection molding (kg)	Glass molding (kg)	Parts assembly (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Furnace LNG (kg)
	Quantity	7.35E+04	2.22E+00	1.23E+02	3.80E+00	1.67E+02	1.19E+03	3.51E+06	5.66E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Energy	Material	Water system	Consumption	Consumption	Condition	Condition	Condition
	Distribution	Furnace urban gas (13A) (m ³)	Industrial water (kg)	Sewage processing (kg)	Electricity (kWh)	Gasoline (kg)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)
	Quantity	5.71E+01	2.51E+02	2.51E+02	2.80E+03	6.60E+00	1.94E+06	3.77E+05	1.29E+03
	Note								
	Classification	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	
	Distribution	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Freight by ship (kg·km)	Freight by rail (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 20 ton (kg·km)	
Quantity	6.15E+04	3.40E+04	6.60E+03	4.09E+04	1.50E+06	8.32E+05	1.61E+05		
Note									

Note

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

Consumables	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process
	Distribution	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)
	Quantity	1.05E+04	4.40E+01	1.09E+02	2.02E+02	2.00E+02	1.64E+02	1.62E+02	1.87E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
	Distribution	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)
	Quantity	3.60E+01	1.99E+00	1.34E-01	1.18E+02	1.83E+00	3.60E+01	1.99E+00	1.34E-01
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Process						
	Distribution	Polystyrene (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)						
Quantity	1.18E+02	1.61E+05							
Note									

Note

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios

Scenario	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction	Process
	Distribution	Landfill: Industrial waste (kg)	Shredding (kg)	Incineration: Industrial waste (kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash) (kg)	Diesel truck: 10 ton (kg·km)	Diesel truck: 4 ton (kg·km)	High density polyethylene (kg)	Sorting: Iron (by magnetic force) (kg)
	Quantity	4.97E+01	5.82E+02	4.32E-01	3.83E+01	4.66E+05	3.71E+03	1.23E+00	5.75E+02
	Note								
	Classification	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Process	Deduction
	Distribution	Sorting: Nonferrous metal (by eddy current with wind force) (kg)	Sorting: Plastics (by relative density difference in water) (kg)	Recycle: to Glass (kg)	Recycle: to cold-rolled steel (kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum plate (kg)	Recycle: to copper plate (kg)	Recycle: to Thermoplastic pellet (kg)	Glass (kg)
	Quantity	1.57E+02	1.20E+02	5.43E+00	4.18E+02	2.05E+01	2.17E+01	6.66E+01	5.32E+00
	Note								
	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction				
	Distribution	Cold-Rolled steel plate (kg)	Aluminum plate (kg)	Copper plate (kg)	Polystyrene (kg)				
Quantity	4.18E+02	2.05E+01	2.17E+01	6.54E+01					
Note									

Note

6. Others

This declaration was produced using Product Category Rule intended for a product model sold in the Japanese market and using the qualitative and quantitative data collected in Japan.