# Product Environmental Aspects Declaration



EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-04)

AD-20-1180 Date of publication Mar./13/2020



#### http://konicaminolta.com

Please direct any inquiries or comments to e-mail: bt-environ@pub.konicaminolta.jp



Marking technologies	Electrophotographic Printer	(EP)	
			_

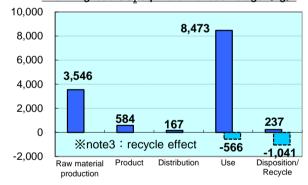
Printing speed	140 prints-per-minute(B/W)	140 prints-per-minute(color)
Maximum copy paper	A3	
Duplex copying	Non-stack ADU equippe	ed

#### Life Cycle Impact

Consumption and discharge in a life cycle	All the stage sum totals							
Global warming(CO₂eguivalent):kg	13,007							
Global warfiling(CO2equivalent).kg	(11,400)							
Acidification(SO <sub>2</sub> equivalent):kg	20.4							
Acidification(302equivalent).kg	(17.6)							
Energy resources(crude oil equivalent):MJ	246,474							
Lifergy resources(crude oil equivalent).MJ	(222,516)							

%Figures in ( ) indicated environmental impact including recycle effect \*note3

### Warming load CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent of each stage (kg)





Total of 11,760,000 sheets on the assumption of five years usage. Environmental impact by copypaper is not included.

\*The picture is attached with options.

#### Notes:

- 1. Original LCA data is available on PEIDS: Product Environmental Information Declaration Sheet, and Product Data Sheet.
- 2. Unified rules and requirements for EcoLeaf LCA, for intended product category, are available as a PCR: Product Category Rule. Visit EcoLeaf website under homepage at http://www.ecoleaf-jemai.jp/eng/pcr.html for details.
- 3. Recycle Effect illustrates an indirect influence to other products/services.
- 4. Basic Units used for calculations are based on Japan domestic data at this time, due to a lack of base data to establish localized Basic Unit for overseas locations adequately.

#### [Supplemental environmental information]



- Certified Environmental Standards
  - · International Energy Star Program
- Conforming to Japanese Law on Promoting Green Purchasing

PCR review was conducted by : PCR Deliberation Committee, January 01,2008, Name of reprentative : Youji Uchiyama, University of Tsukuba, Graduate School

Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO14025 ☐ internal ■external

Third party verifier: The third party verifier \* : Kazuo Naito

Programme operator: Sustainable Management Promotion Organization ecoleaf@sumpo.or.jp

<sup>\*</sup> In the case of an business entity certified as an Ecoleaf-data-collection system, the names of certification auditors are written.

## Product Environmental Information Data Sheet (PEIDS)

Document control no.	F-02B-03
Product vendor	KONICAMINOLTA ,INC.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-20-1180

Unit Function DB version 2.1

Characterization Factor DB version 2.1



POCK	PCR name			EP and IJ printer		Product type		Acc	curioPress C14	1000	
No.Col.   Tender					<u> </u>	,,	998.4	1			1074.2
Page	_					0 1 01				1.0.9 10.1[1.9]	
The control of the	In/O	ut ito	mc	Life Cycle Stage	Unit			Distribution	Use	Disposal	Recycle
Value   Valu	111/00	ut itei	115		MI			2 25E±03	1 81F±05	7 /8F±02	-2 40E : 04
The County of			Energy C	onsumption							
Management   Man				Coal							
March   Comparison   Comparis											
Management   Man			Energy	, ,							
Manual Park				Uranium ore							
Martin Comparison   Mart				,							
Management   Man						0.045.00			0.045.00		
Management   Man								_			
Michael now   No.   1,15E+00   0   0   1,15E+00   0   0   1,15E+00   0   0   1,17E+00   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0											
Marcelad Pulmbous ore   kg   3.399E-01   0   0   0   0   0   -1,28E-01		ج 6	Φ							_	
Marcelad Pulmbous ore   kg   3.399E-01   0   0   0   0   0   -1,28E-01		ımpti	ustibl								
Marcelad Pulmbous ore   kg   3.399E-01   0   0   0   0   0   -1,28E-01		onsu	xhar							_	
		rce C	Ш - Material								
		esour	iviateriai								
Marie   Mari		R.						_			
Silver ore   kg   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0								_		-	
Silica sand   Kg   1.44E+01   0   0   3.35E+00   0   -3.71E+00								_	_	_	
Rock salt   kg   5.72E+01   7.09E-03   0   3.06E+01   4.56E-01   -3.33E+01								_	•	_	
Rememble   Part   Par								_		-	
	ses										
	ınaly							_		<u> </u>	
	ory a		Penewahle								
	ivent			Water			<u>~</u>			-	
Note   Solic	-			CO2							
No				SOx							
No Atmosphere   No Atmospher				NOx							
Manusphere   CH4			to Atmosphere	N2O							
NM/OC   kg   3.40E-02   2.64E-02   1.87E-06   2.34E-01   1.21E-03   -3.77E-03				CH4	kg	1.74E-02	1.34E-02	9.54E-07	1.19E-01	6.19E-04	
Second Description   Carry   Right   1.90E-03   2.52E-02   2.67E-01   3.68E-03   -5.39E-02				CO	kg	6.15E-01	8.60E-02	2.68E-01	1.48E+00	1.00E-01	-3.83E-01
P total   kg   -					kg	3.40E-02	2.64E-02	1.87E-06	2.34E-01	1.21E-03	-3.77E-03
P total   kg   -		rge		СхНу	kg	1.05E-01	1.90E-03	2.52E-02	2.67E-01	3.68E-03	-5.39E-02
P total   kg   -		scha		dust	kg	4.46E-01	1.89E-02	8.37E-02	7.71E-01	2.44E-02	-2.57E-01
P total   kg   -		on/Di envire		BOD		-	-	-	-	-	-
P total   kg   -		nissic the		COD	kg	-	-	-	-	-	-
SS   kg   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -		타	to Water system			-	-	-	-	-	-
Value   Valu						-	-	-	-	-	-
Slag   kg   2.56E+02   0   0   8.63E+01   0   -1.33E+02						-	-	-	-	-	-
To Soil system   Sludge   kg   4.39E+01   0   0   9.83E+01   0   0   -5.69E+01											
Low emission radioactive waste   kg			t- 0-"	_						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Tadioactive waste   Kg   4.66E-03   3.52E-03   2.49E-07   3.14E-02   1.61E-04   -6.33E-04			to Soil system	_			-	_			
Exhaustible resources   Clion ore equivalent   Kg   5.69E+03   0   0   1.97E+03   0   -2.76E+03		u.		radioactive waste	kg	4.06E-03	3.32E-03	2.49E-07	3.14E-U2	1.61E-U4	-0.33E-U4
Tesources   Teso			Exhaustible	(crude oil equivalent)	kg	1.03E+03	2.19E+02	5.02E+01	2.82E+03	1.47E+01	-4.50E+02
To Atmosphere to Water system to Soil CO2 equivalent) to Soil CO3 equivalent to Soil CO3 eq	ent	8			kg	5.69E+03	0	0	1.97E+03	0	-2.76E+03
Atmosphere (SO2 equivalent) Kg 4.72E+00 6.91E-01 7.42E-01 1.38E+01 4.08E-01 -2.76E+00  to Water system to Soil	sesm				kg	3.55E+03	5.84E+02	1.67E+02	8.47E+03	2.37E+02	-1.61E+03
	act as	umpti		Acidification	kg	4.72E+00	6.91E-01	7.42E-01	1.38E+01	4.08E-01	-2.76E+00
	Impa	Cons	to Water								
		mision	system								
		by E									

[Notes for readers: EcoLeaf common rules]

#### I. Stage related

- A. "Production" stage is intended for two sub-stages listed below.
  - (1) "Raw material" production: consists of mining, transportation and raw material production.
  - (2) "Product" production: consists of the parts processing, assembly and installation.
- B. "Distribution" stage is intended for transportation of produced product. Transportation of consumables and maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts) for use of the product are included into "Use" stage.
- C. "Use" stage is intended for use of the product (active mode, standby mode, etc.) and production, transportation to disposal/recycle of consumables /maintenance goods (e.g. replacement parts).
- D. "Disposition/Recycle" stage is intended for environmental impacts by product disposition/recycle, and deduction by recycling (e.g. impact reduction of raw material production).
- E. "Recycle Effect" illustrates an indirect environmental influences to other products/services by use of reclaimed materials/parts, and/or by supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse.
- Case 1: Use of reclaimed materials/parts: Sum of increase of environmental impact by collection activities of used materials/parts, and decrease by volume reduction of used materials/parts.
- Case 2: Supply of used products to other businesses for material reclaim/parts reuse: Sum of increase of environmental impact by materials/parts reclaiming process, and decrease by volume reduction of new materials/parts production.

#### II. Inventory analyses

- A. Data of mineral ore on "Exhaustible resources" are presented in weight of pure ingredients (e.g. iron, aluminum) in the ore.
- B. Data on energy resources are presented based on origin in calorific value. e.g. Data on uranium ore presents weight of uranium concentrate, which is available for use as an atomic fuel.
- C. Data of discharge to water system are in actual figure (not calculated using unit function in inventory analyses).

#### III. Impact analyses

Result of the "Impact analyses" is found in converting results of inventory analyses into total amount of a reference material (e.g. CO2 in case of "Global Warming").

- A. Impact "by resource consumption" represents magnitude of impacts to resource depletion.
- B. Impact "by emission/discharge to environment" represents magnitude of impacts to Atmosphere, Water and Soil system.

#### IV. Data entry format

- A. Exponential notation, after the decimal point to two, should be used.
- B. Indicate "0" instead exponential notation, if the result of calculation or estimation is considered as "zero" or negligible in comparison to related results.
- C. Indicate "-" if calculation nor estimation can not be done, in order to differentiate to indicate "zero".
  - (BGD for material production are for production from mineral ore. Those data do not include reclaiming processes like recovery from scrap.)

#### [Notes for readers: Target product specific]

- A. "Raw material" in "Production" includes environmental impacts generated during mining transportation material production phases of the main body of the printer and the toner cartridge enclosed in the printer. The environmental impacts are calculated using the eco-leaf basic unit DB for calculations.
- B. " Product" in "production" includes environmental impacts of processing of the parts (injection, blow-, press- and glass-molding).

The environmental impacts from the parts assembly plant which is different from the main body assembly plant (such parts are clacified in "parts C") are calculated using the eco-leaf basic unit DB for calculations.

The impacts from the main body assembly plant are calculated using the quantitative data on environmental impacts in our assembly plant.

C. Regarding the basis and the basic units for calculations during distribution stages

The total distance of the transportation in Japan of 100km is used according to PCR (AD-04) and the transportation overseas includes the transportation by track in China and by ship between China and Japan.

D. Regarding the basis and the basic units for calculations during use and consumption stage

The power consumption is measured by the TEC test procedure according to PCR (AD-04).

11,760,000 sheets are printed in total during the use period of five years.

The toner consumption is summed up over the five years from the toner consumption data per sheet using our print pattern with 5% coverage.

The production loads and the collection & recycling impacts of the toner cartridges used over the five years are included in this stage.

E. The recycling impacts are calculated assuming that 40% of the end-of-life printers are recovered from users according to PCR (AD-04).

The impacts are calculated with the remaining 60% following the disposal senario as general wastes.

F. The impacts of materilal production of recycled materials are included in the values with minus as a recycling effect.

## Product data sheet

	( input data and parameters for LOA
Document control no.	F-03-03
Product vendor	KONICAMINOLTA,INC.
EcoLeaf registration no.	AD-20-1180



PCR name	EP and IJ printer (PCR-ID:AD-0	Product type	AccurioPress C14000				
.CA/LCIA in units o	1	Product weight[kg]	998.4	Package[kg]	75.8	Weight total[kg]	1074.2

1. Product information (per unit): parts etc. by material and by process/assembly method

	Breakdown o	Math breakdown of pa	Math breakdown of parts, which need to apply Processing / Assembly Base Units (Parts B, C)				
Material name	Weight (kg)	Material name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)	Process name	Weight (kg)
Ordinary steel	8.45E+02	Rubber	1.00E+01	Press molding:Iron	7.75E+02		
Stainless steel	1.07E+01	Semiconductor circuit board	1.22E+01	Press molding:Nonfe rrous metal	3.00E+01		
Aluminium	1.94E+01			Injection molding	9.02E+01		
Other metals	1.07E+01			Glass molding	1.20E+00		
Glass	1.20E+00						
Thermoplastic resin	1.03E+02						
Wood	8.06E+01						
Paper	4.83E+01						
Subtotal	Subtotal 1.12E+03 Subtotal		2.23E+01				
	Total		1.14E+03	Subtotal	8.97E+02	Subtotal	

Production site information (per unit): Consumption and discharge/emission for production/processing/assembly within the site.
 SOx and NOx should be indicated in SOX NO2 equivalent.

301	SOX and NOX should be indicated in SO2, NO2 equivalent.										
2	Classification	Energy	Energy	Material	Material						
ption	Distribution	Electricity	Furnace urban	Industrial	Groundwater						
msı	Distribution	(kWh)	gas (m³)	water(kg)	(kg)						
6	Quantity	2.79E+02	1.20E+00	1.18E+03	9.53E+01						
Ö	Note										
9	Classification	To Water									
ion/	Ciassilication	system									
iss	Distribution	Sewage(kg)									
Emission/ Discharge	Quantity	1.22E+03									
	Note										

3. Distribution stage information (per unit): means, distance, loading ratio, consumptions and emissions/discharges.

	Pictibation stage information (per anny, means, aletanes, feating ratio, concumptions and emissions aletanes and										
	Means of transportation	Freight by ship	Freight by ship	Freight by ship	Diesel truck :20ton	Diesel truck :20ton	Diesel truck :20ton	Diesel truck :20ton	Diesel truck :2ton		
	Conditions	Load(kg·km)	Weight (kg)	Distance (km)	Load(kg•km)	Weight (kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)	Load(kg·km)		
ution	Quantity	2.26E+06	1.14E+03	1.70E+03	6.70E+05	1.14E+03	2.59E+02	4.45E+01	6.00E+03		
i i i	Note										
Distrib	Means of transportation	Diesel truck :2ton	Diesel truck :2ton	Diesel truck :2ton							
	Conditions	Weight (kg)	Distance (km)	Loading Ratio(%w)							
	Quantity	1.14E+03	7.50E-01	3.18E+01							
	Note										

Use stage (per unit): use condition (mode, term) including active mode, standby mode and maintenance.
 1 Product and accessories subject to this analysis

	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption
Product	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Gasoline as fuel(kg)	Furnace urban gas (m³)	Industrial water(kg)	Groundwater (kg)	Ordinary steel (kg)	Stainless steel (kg)	Aluminium (kg)
4	Quantity	1.12E+04	1.72E+00	2.01E+02	3.81E+02	2.63E+04	2.81E+02	7.42E+00	4.33E+01
	Note								
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Consumption	Processing	Processing	Processing	Processing	
Product	Distribution	Thermoplastic resin(kg)	Paper(kg)	Rubber(kg)	Press:Iron(kg)	Press: Nonferrous(kg)	Injection molding(kg)	Blow molding (kg)	
	Quantity	5.71E+02	1.20E+01	3.30E+01	2.75E+02	2.14E+01	4.54E+01	6.03E+01	
	Note								
	Classification	Assembly	To Water system						
Product	Distribution	Parts assembly (kg)	Sewage(kg)						
	Quantity	6.03E+01	2.06E+04						
	Note								
	Classification	Distribution	Distribution	Distribution					
Product	Distribution	Freight by ship (kg-km)	Diesel truck: 20ton (kg•km)	Diesel truck: 10ton (kg•km)					
	Quantity	2.30E+05	0.00E+00	1.10E+05					
	Note								

4.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts

4.Z DI	3.2 Disposition/Recycle information on consumables and replacement parts										
	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment		
Consumables	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Kerosene(kg)	Recycle: to iron(kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum(kg)	Recycle: to copper(kg)	Recycle: to plastics(kg)	Recycle: to Paper(kg)	Industrial waste destruction by fire(kg)		
0	Quantity	1.72E+01	3.80E-01	1.15E+02	1.73E+01	1.14E-01	3.94E+01	4.79E+00	1.32E+01		
	Note										
	Classification	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction		
Consumables	Distribution	Industrial waste inning(kg)	Waste destruction by fire(kg)	Waste inning(kg)	Iron(kg)	Aluminum(kg)	Copper(kg)	Plastics(kg)	Paper(kg)		
ပိ	Quantity	5.30E-01	8.67E+01	2.59E+02	-1.15E+02	-1.73E+01	-1.14E-01	-3.94E+01	-4.79E+00		
	Note										
	Classification	Distribution	Distribution								
Consumables	Distribution	Diesel truck: 10ton (kg•km)	Diesel truck: 4ton (kg•km)								
S	Quantity	2.76E+04	3.34E+04								
	Note										

5. Disposition/Recycle stage information (per product): process method and scenarios									
Consumables	Classification	Consumption	Consumption	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment
	Distribution	Electricity (kWh)	Kerosene(kg)	Recycle: to iron(kg)	Recycle: to Aluminum(kg)	Recycle: to copper(kg)	Recycle: to Glass(kg)	Recycle: to plastics(kg)	Recycle: to Paper(kg)
	Quantity	3.43E+01	7.59E-01	3.45E+02	7.75E+00	5.93E+00	4.81E-01	4.07E+01	5.32E+01
	Note								
Consumables	Classification	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Treatment	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction	Deduction
	Distribution	Incineration: Industrial waste(kg)	Landfill: Industrial waste(kg)	Incineration to landfill (as ash)(kg)	Landfill: General waste(kg)	Iron(kg)	Aluminium (kg)	copper(kg)	Glass(kg)
	Quantity	7.00E+00	1.58E+00	1.45E+02	5.39E+02	-3.45E+02	-7.75E+00	-5.93E+00	-4.81E-01
	Note								
Consumables	Classification	Deduction	Deduction	Distribution	Distribution				
	Distribution	Plastics(kg)	Paper(kg)	Diesel truck: 10ton (kg•km)	Diesel truck: 4ton (kg•km)				
	Quantity	-4.07E+01	-5.32E+01	5.53E+04	6.68E+04				
	Note								

A. Product information:

All the parts mass per unit sorted by materials and by processes/assembly are included. The motor mass is included in ordinary steel.

B. Production site information:

The energy consumption & material use during the main body assemby and cartridge & toner shipment are included.

The environmental impacts that are exhausted from the production site in the atmosphere and the water system are included.

C. Distribution stage information:

The total distance of the transportation in Japan of 100km is used according to PCR (AD-04) and the transportation overseas includes the transportation by track in China and by ship between China and Japan.

D. Product and accessories subject to this analysis:

The power consumption is calculated assuming the use period of five years and 11,760,000 sheets printed during the use period according to the PCR (AD-04). The toner consumption is summed up over the five years from the toner consumption data per sheet using our print pattern with 5% coverage.

The production impacts of the cartridges and toner used during the use period of five years are included.

The impacts of the maintenance parts used and the transportation impacts of the maintenace during the use period of five years are included in this stage.

E. Disposal/Recycle information on the consumables and the maintenance parts during use stage:

The recycling information of the toner, the developer, the drums and the maintainance parts used during the use period of five years are included .

The recycling processing impacts are included as plus and the production impacts of the recycled materials are included as minus.

Treatment of copper and deduction of copper include copper of " assembled circuit board". Incineration of assembled circuit board is included "Incineration: Industrial waste".

F. Disposal/Recycle stage information:
The information on the products recovered from users is included.

The recycling processing impacts are included as plus and the production impacts of the recycled materials are included as minus.

Treatment of copper and deduction of copper include copper of " assembled circuit board" . Incineration of assembled circuit board is included "Incineration: Industrial waste".